

Exam Program Correctness, May 6th 2015, 18:30-21:30h.

- This exam consists of three problems. Problem 1 is worth 20 points, problem 2 is worth 30 points, and problem 3 is worth 40 points. You get 10 points for not misspelling your name and student number.
- Give complete annotations, and linear proofs. Use a pen. Do not use a pencil!
- The exam is a closed book exam. You are not allowed to use the reader, slides, notes, or any other material.
- Do not hand in scratch paper!

Problem 1 ($2 \times 10 = 20$ pt). Declared is the variable $x : \mathbb{Z}$.

(a) Design an annotated command S_0 that satisfies the Hoare triple:

$$\{ x = X \} S_0 \{ x > 0 \wedge (x = 2 \cdot X + 1 \vee x = -2 \cdot X) \}$$

(b) Design an annotated command S_1 that satisfies the reverse Hoare triple:

$$\{ x > 0 \wedge (x = 2 \cdot X + 1 \vee x = -2 \cdot X) \} S_1 \{ x = X \}$$

Problem 2 (30 pt). Design and prove the correctness of a command T that satisfies

```
const n : ℕ, a : array [0..n) of ℤ;
var s : ℤ;
{ P : true }
T
{ Q : s = Σ(Σ(a[j] · a[k] | j, k : i ≤ j ≤ k < n) | i : 0 ≤ i < n) } .
```

The time complexity of the command T must be linear in n . Start by defining (a) suitable helper function(s) and the corresponding recurrence(s).

Problem 3 (40 pt). Given is a two-dimensional array a that is *ascending* in its first argument and *decreasing* in its second argument. Consider the following specification:

```
const n, w : ℕ, a : array [0..n) of ℕ;
var z : ℕ;
{ P : Z = #{(i, j) | i, j : 0 ≤ i ∧ 0 ≤ j ∧ i2 + j2 ≤ n2 ∧ a[i, j] = w} }
U
{ Q : Z = z }
```

(a) Make a sketch in which you clearly indicate where the array values are high, where they are low, and how a contour line runs.

(b) Define a function $F(x, y)$ that can be used to compute Z . Determine the relevant recurrences for $F(x, y)$, including the base cases.

(c) Design a command U that has a linear time complexity in n . Prove the correctness of your solution. [Note: you can only receive points for part (c) if the recurrences in part (b) are correct.]